AN ORDINANCE OF THE COUNTY OF BUTTE ADDING ARTICLE I, ENTITLED
 "NONMEDICAL MARIJUANA ORDINANCE" OF CHAPTER 34C ENTITLED
 "NONMEDICAL MARIJUANA ORDINANCE," OF THE BUTTE COUNTY CODE
 The Board of Supervisors of the County of Butte ordains as
 follows:

6 <u>Section 1</u>. Chapter 34C is added to the Butte County Code as 7 follows:

8 CHAPTER 34C NONMEDICAL MARIJUANA ORDINANCE

9 34C-1 Authority and Title. Pursuant to the authority granted by
10 Article XI, section 7 of the California Constitution, Health and
11 Safety Code section 11362.2, and Government Code section 25845,
12 the Board of Supervisors does enact this Chapter, which shall be
13 known and may be cited as the "Butte County Nonmedical Marijuana
14 Ordinance."

15 34C-2 Findings and Purpose.

16 (a) In 2016, voters of the State of California approved
17 Proposition 64, entitled The Control, Regulate and Tax Adult Use
18 of Marijuana Act (the "Adult Use of Marijuana Act" or the "AUMA").

(b) The stated purpose of the AUMA is to establish a comprehensive system to legalize, control and regulate the cultivation, processing, manufacture, distribution, testing, and sale of nonmedical marijuana, including marijuana products, for use by adults 21 years and older, and to tax the commercial growth and retail sale of marijuana.

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(c) The AUMA creates a licensing scheme whereby the State will issue licenses to businesses authorizing them to cultivate, distribute, transport, store, manufacture, process, and sell nonmedical marijuana and marijuana products for adults 21 years of age and older, with such licenses expected to be issued by January 1, 2018.

7 The AUMA states that nothing in it shall be interpreted (d) 8 to supersede or limit the authority of a local jurisdiction to 9 adopt and enforce local ordinances to regulate businesses licensed 10 under the AUMA. The AUMA allows local governments to ban 11 nonmedical marijuana businesses, and mandates that the State 12 licensing authorities shall not approve an application for a State 13 license if approval of the State license will violate the provisions of any local ordinance or regulation adopted 14 in accordance with the requirements of the AUMA. 15

The AUMA provides that it shall be lawful under state 16 (e) 17 and local law for persons 21 years of age and older to plant, 18 cultivate, harvest, dry, or possess not more than six marijuana 19 plants, and possess the marijuana produced by the plants, subject 20 to the following restrictions: 1) A person shall plant, cultivate, 21 harvest, dry or possess plants in accordance with local ordinances; 22 2) the plants and any marijuana produced by the plants in excess 23 of 28.5 grams are kept within the person's private residence, or upon the grounds of a private residence, in a locked space, and 24 25 not visible by normal unaided vision from a public place; and 3)

1 not more than six plants may be planted, cultivated, harvested, 2 dried, or processed within a single private residence, or upon the 3 grounds of a private residence, at any one time.

4 (f) The AUMA allows a county to enact and enforce "reasonable
5 regulations" to regulate the possession, planting, cultivation,
6 harvesting, drying, or processing of the six marijuana plants, as
7 well as the possession of the marijuana produced by the plants.

The Federal Controlled Substances Act, 21 U.S.C. §§ 801 8 (g) 9 et seq., classifies marijuana as a Schedule I Drug, which is 10 defined as a drug or other substance that has a high potential for abuse, has no currently accepted medical use in treatment in the 11 United States, and has not been accepted as safe for use under 12 13 medical supervision. The Federal Controlled Substances Act makes it unlawful, under federal law, for any person to cultivate, 14 manufacture, distribute or dispense, or possess with intent to 15 manufacture, distribute or dispense, marijuana. 16 The Federal 17 Controlled Substances Act contains exemption for the no 18 cultivation, manufacture, distribution, dispensation, or possession of marijuana for medical or nonmedical purposes. 19

(h) In a series of memoranda issued in October 2009, June 21 2011, and August 2013, the U.S. Department of Justice provided 22 guidance to federal prosecutors concerning marijuana enforcement 23 under the Controlled Substances Act, and generally advised that it 24 is not likely an efficient use of federal resources to prosecute 25 those persons or entities acting in compliance with a strong and

1 effective state regulatory system for the cultivation and distribution of marijuana. These guidelines are understood to 2 allow states to legalize marijuana so long as the state laws 3 adequately address the following goals of 4 preventing: (1)5 distribution of marijuana to minors; (2) revenue from the sale of marijuana going to criminal enterprises; (3) diversion of 6 7 marijuana from states where it is legal under state law to other states; (4) state authorized marijuana activity from being used as 8 9 a cover for the trafficking of other illegal drugs; (5) violence and the use of firearms in the cultivation and distribution of 10 marijuana (6) drugged driving and the exacerbation of other adverse 11 public health consequences associated with marijuana use; (7) 12 13 growing of marijuana on public lands and the attendant public safety environmental dangers; and (8) possession or 14 use of marijuana on federal property. 15

The County's geographic and climatic conditions, which 16 (i) receive 17 include dense forested that substantial areas 18 precipitation, along with sparse population in many areas of the 19 County, provide conditions that are favorable to outdoor marijuana 20 cultivation. Outdoor marijuana growers can achieve a high per-21 plant yield because of the County's favorable growing conditions.

(j) The County has a compelling interest in protecting the
public health, safety, and welfare of its residents and businesses,
and preserving the peace and integrity of the unincorporated areas
in the County. In the past, significant concerns have been raised

1 regarding the land use impacts that the possession, planting, 2 cultivation. harvesting, drying, processing, distributing, transporting, storing, manufacturing, and sale of marijuana will 3 have on the public health, safety, and welfare of the residents of 4 5 Butte County, and the environment. Comprehensive civil regulation of premises used for marijuana cultivation is proper and necessary 6 7 to avoid the risks of criminal activity, degradation of the natural environment, malodorous smells, and indoor electrical fire hazards 8 9 that may result from unregulated marijuana cultivation.

10 (k) Cultivation of marijuana at locations or premises within six hundred (600) feet of school bus stops or one thousand (1,000) 11 feet of schools, school evacuation sites, churches, parks, child 12 13 care centers, or youth-oriented facilities creates unique risks that the marijuana plants may be observed by juveniles, and 14 therefore be especially vulnerable to theft or recreational 15 consumption by juveniles. Further, the potential for criminal 16 17 activities associated with marijuana cultivation in such locations 18 poses heightened risks that juveniles will be involved or 19 endangered, and therefore, cultivation of any amount of marijuana 20 in such locations or premises is especially hazardous to public 21 safety and welfare, and to the protection of children and the 22 person(s) cultivating the marijuana plants.

(1) It is the purpose and intent of this Chapter to implement State law by providing a means for regulating the cultivation of nonmedical marijuana in a manner that is consistent

1 with State law, and in a manner that promotes the health, safety, 2 and welfare of the residents and businesses within the 3 unincorporated territory of the County of Butte.

(m) It is also the purpose and intent of this Chapter to
provide a complaint-driven civil process to remedy nuisances
related to nonmedical marijuana cultivation.

7 34C-3 Definitions.

8 Except where the context otherwise requires, the following9 definitions shall govern the construction of this Chapter:

10 (a) "Accessory structure" means a fully enclosed structure 11 that is located on the grounds of a "private residence," and is 12 detached from the "private residence," as that term is defined 13 herein.

(b) "Child Care Center" means any licensed child care center,daycare center, or childcare home, or any preschool.

16 (c) "Church" means a structure or leased portion of a
17 structure, which is used primarily for religious worship and
18 related religious activities.

19 (d) "Code Enforcement Officer" means any person employed by 20 the County of Butte and appointed to the position of code 21 enforcement officer.

(e) "Cultivation" means any activity involving the planting, growing, harvesting, drying, curing, grading, or trimming of marijuana.

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1 (f) "Enforcing Officer" means the Code Enforcement Officer or 2 his or her authorized deputies or designees, each of whom is independently authorized to enforce this Chapter. 3

(g) "Fence" means a wall or a barrier connected by boards, 4 5 masonry, rails, panels, wire or any other materials approved by the Department of Development Services for the purpose of enclosing 6 7 space or separating parcels of land. The term "fence" does not include retaining walls. 8

9 (h) "Indoors" means entirely within a "private residence" or 10 "accessory structure" as defined herein.

(i) "Legal parcel" means any parcel of real property that may 12 be separately sold in compliance with the Subdivision Map Act 13 (Division 2 (commencing with Section 66410) of Title 7 of the Government Code). 14

15 (j) "Marijuana" has the same meaning as in Section 11018 of the California Health & Safety Code. 16

17 (k) "Outdoors" means any location that is not "indoors" as 18 defined herein.

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(1) "Parcel" means a "legal parcel" as defined herein.

20 (m) "Premises" means a single, legal parcel of property that 21 includes an occupied legal residence that is a dwelling in 22 compliance with Chapter 26 of the Butte County Code and has also met the requirements of Sections 34C-6 and 34C-7. 23

24 (n) "Private residence" means a house, apartment unit, mobile 25 home, or other similar dwelling.

(o) "Residential treatment facility" means a facility
 providing for treatment of drug and alcohol dependency, including
 any "sober living facility" run by treatment providers for the
 benefit of transitional living.

5 (p) "School" means an institution of learning for minors, whether public or private, offering a regular course of instruction 6 7 required by the California Education Code, or any child or day care facility. This definition includes a nursery 8 school, 9 kindergarten, elementary school, middle or junior high school, 10 senior high school, or any special institution of education, but it does not include a vocational or professional institution of 11 12 higher education, including a community or junior college, college 13 or university.

(q) "School Bus Stop" means any location designated in accordance with California Code of Regulations, Title 13, section 16 1238, to receive school buses, as defined in California Vehicle 17 Code section 233, or school pupil activity buses, as defined in 18 Vehicle Code section 546.

(r) "School Evacuation Site" means any location designated by formal action of the governing body, Superintendent, or principal of any school as a location to which juveniles are to be evacuated to, or are to assemble at, in the event of an emergency or other incident at the school.

(s) "Youth-oriented facility" means elementary school, middleschool, junior high school, high school, public park, and any

1 establishment that advertises in a manner that identifies the 2 establishment as catering to or providing services primarily intended for minors, or the individuals who regularly patronize, 3 congregate or assemble at the establishment are predominantly 4 5 minors. This shall not include a day care or preschool facility. 34C-4 Nuisance Declared; Cultivation Restrictions. 6

(a) The cultivation of marijuana that is not in compliance with the requirements set out in this Chapter is hereby declared to be unlawful, and a public nuisance, which may be abated in 10 accordance with this Chapter.

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Not more than six marijuana plants may be cultivated 11 (1)12 indoors, or in an outdoor garden located upon the grounds of a private residence, at any one time. 13

If the premises is less than five (5) acres in size, the 14 (2)15 cultivation of not more than six marijuana plants, and the possession of the marijuana produced by the plants, shall only 16 17 take place indoors, and in one contiguous space.

18 If the premises is five (5) acres in size or greater, (3) 19 the cultivation of not more than six marijuana plants, and the 20 possession of the marijuana produced by the plants, may take place 21 either indoors, or in an outdoor garden located on the grounds of 22 a private residence. The entire cultivation must take place in 23 one contiguous space.

24 For cultivation to be permissible inside an accessory (b) 25 structure, the accessory structure must: 1) comply with the

1 California Building Standards Code (Title 24 California Code of 2 Regulations), as adopted by the County of Butte; 2) be secure against unauthorized entry; 3) be accessible only through one (1) 3 or more lockable doors; 4) be constructed of approved building 4 5 materials, including glass, so as long as the marijuana being cultivated cannot be seen from any public right-of-way, including 6 7 neighboring parcels; 5) contain a ventilation and filtration system that prevents marijuana plant odors from exiting the 8 9 interior of the structure; 6) be located in the rear yard area of 10 a legal parcel or premises; and 7) maintain the setbacks set forth in section 34C-8. 11

(c) The installation of electrical fixtures, plumbing, or ventilation/filtration systems, for the purpose of modifying an existing structure to meet the requirements of an accessory structure, shall require a Building Permit.

16 34C-5. Complaints.

17 Any person may make a complaint relating to this Chapter.

18 34C-6. Residency requirements.

Persons engaging in the cultivation of marijuana shall either own the premises, or have entered into a written lease with the owner of the premises.

22 34C-7 Environmental requirements.

(a) Any parcel where the cultivation of marijuana takes
place shall: (1) have a permitted permanent water well or
connection to a municipal water source on the premises; (2) not

1 engage in unlawful or unpermitted surface drawing of water for 2 such cultivation; and (3) not permit illegal discharges of water 3 from the premises.

4 (b) The premises where the cultivation of marijuana takes
5 place shall either be hooked up to a municipalities' sewer system,
6 or have a Butte County inspected and permitted sewage disposal
7 system.

8 (c) Persons engaging in the cultivation of marijuana shall
9 use, dispose and store chemicals in accordance with all applicable
10 laws.

11 34C-8. Setbacks; Other Restrictions.

(a) Each accessory structure or outdoor garden area that constitutes the single cultivation area where marijuana is cultivated shall be set back from the boundaries of the premises as follows:

(1) If the premises is less than five (5) acres, and the 16 17 marijuana cultivation takes place inside an accessory structure, 18 the accessory structure shall be set back at least fifteen (15) 19 feet from all boundaries of the premises, and at least seventy-20 five (75) feet from any occupied residential structure located on 21 a separate legal parcel, unless the Director of the Department of 22 Development Services or his or her designee reduces or waives one 23 or both of these requirements based upon a finding of unusual 24 hardship for that particular parcel to comply with such setback 25 requirements. Owners of parcels adjacent to such premises shall

1 be notified in writing of any exercise of such discretion under 2 this section.

If the premises is equal to or greater than five (5) 3 (2) 4 acres but less than ten (10) acres in size, the accessory structure 5 or outdoor garden area constituting the single cultivation area shall be set back at least seventy-five (75) feet from all 6 7 boundaries of the premises, and at least one hundred and fifty 8 (150) feet from any occupied residential structure located on a 9 separate legal parcel, unless the Director of the Department of Development Services or his or her designee reduces or waives one 10 or both of these requirements based upon a finding of unusual 11 hardship for that particular parcel to comply with such setback 12 13 requirements. Owners of parcels adjacent to such premises shall be notified in writing of any exercise of such discretion under 14 this section. 15

If the premises is greater than ten (10) acres in size, 16 (3) 17 the accessory structure or outdoor garden area constituting the 18 single cultivation area shall be set back at least one hundred and 19 fifty (150) feet from all boundaries of the premises, and at least 20 one hundred and fifty (150) feet from any occupied residential 21 structure located on a separate legal parcel, unless the Director 22 of the Department of Development Services or his or her designee reduces or waives one or both of these requirements based upon a 23 24 finding of unusual hardship for that particular parcel to comply 25 with such setback requirements. Owners of parcels adjacent to

such premises shall be notified in writing of any exercise of such
 discretion under this section.

(4) For cultivation taking place in an accessory structure, such setback distance shall be measured in a straight line from the accessory structure to the boundary line of the premises. For cultivation taking place in an outdoor garden area, the cultivation area shall be measured from the outer edge of the canopy of the marijuana plants, and not from the stalk, to the boundary line of the premises.

(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of subsection 34C-4(a) above, the cultivation of marijuana, in any amount or quantity, shall not be allowed in the following areas:

(1) Within one thousand (1,000) feet of a youth-oriented facility, a school, a park, or any church or residential treatment facility as defined herein.

16 (2) Within six hundred (600) feet from a school bus stop.
17 (3) In any location where the marijuana plants are visible
18 from the public right of way or publicly traveled privately
19 maintained roads.

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(4) In any location in the following zones:

21 (A) Commercial Zones (GC (General Commercial), NC 22 (Neighborhood Commercial), CC (Community Commercial), REC 23 (Recreation Commercial), SE (Sports and Entertainment), MU (Mixed 24 Use));

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(B) Industrial Zones (LI (Limited Industrial), GI (General
Industrial), HI (Heavy Industrial)); and

3 (C) Special Purpose Zones (PB (Public), AIR (Airport), RBP
4 (Research/Business Park), PD (Planned Development)).

5 (C) The distance between the above-listed uses in Section (b)(1) and marijuana that is being cultivated shall be measured in 6 7 a straight line from the nearest point of the fence required in section 34C-10, or if the marijuana is cultivated indoors, from 8 9 the nearest exterior wall of the building in which the marijuana is cultivated, to the nearest boundary line of the property on 10 which the facility, building, or structure, or portion of the 11 12 facility, building, or structure in which the above-listed use 13 occurs, is located. The distance in Section (b)(2) shall be measured from the fence required in Section 34C-10 to the nearest 14 exterior wall of the residential structure. 15

(d) No person owning, leasing, occupying, or having charge or possession of any premises within the County shall cause, allow, suffer, or permit such premises to be used for the outdoor or indoor cultivation of marijuana plants in violation of this chapter.

21 34C-9 Permission of Property Owner.

If the person(s) cultivating on any legal parcel is/are not the legal owner(s) of the parcel, such person(s) shall obtain the written permission (including notarized signatures) of the legal owner(s) consenting to the cultivation of marijuana on the parcel.

1 34C-10 Fencing.

2 All marijuana grown outside of any building must be fully enclosed by a solid and opaque fence (of approved materials by the 3 Department of Development Services) at least six (6) feet in height 4 5 or a height sufficient to conceal the marijuana from view, whichever is higher, provided, however, that such fence shall not 6 7 be required for marijuana grown on premises of five (5) acres or more when such marijuana is grown out of sight from public view. 8 9 The Director of the Department of Development Services or his or 10 her designee shall have discretion to determine whether the plants are grown out of sight from public view. Should the marijuana 11 12 plant(s) grow higher than the fence, either (1) the plants shall 13 be cut so as to not extend higher than such fence or (2) the person 14 growing marijuana plants shall install a fence sufficient to conceal the marijuana plants from public view and comply with all 15 applicable Butte County permit requirements. The fence must be 16 17 adequately secure to prevent unauthorized entry. Bushes or 18 hedgerows may constitute an adequate fence under this Chapter on 19 parcels five (5) acres and above in size.

20 34C-11 Public Nuisance; Violations.

21 A violation of any provision of this Chapter shall be deemed to be 22 a public nuisance and subject to the enforcement process as set 23 forth in sections 34C-12 through 34C-17 of this Chapter.

24 34C-12 Enforcement.

1 The County may, in its discretion, abate a violation of (a) 2 this Chapter by the prosecution of a civil action, including an action for injunctive relief, without first going through the 3 administrative procedures set forth herein. The remedy 4 of 5 injunctive relief may take the form of a court order, enforceable through civil contempt proceedings, prohibiting the maintenance of 6 7 a violation of this Chapter, or requiring compliance with other 8 terms.

9 (b) The County may also abate a violation of this Chapter 10 through the abatement process established by Government Code 11 Section 25845.

12 34C-13 Abatement procedures.

13 Whenever a Code Enforcement Officer determines that a (a) public nuisance (as defined in this Chapter) exists, he or she 14 shall post a 72-Hour Notice to Abate on the property where the 15 public nuisance exists, and mail a copy of the same to those 16 17 persons shown on the latest County tax roll to be the owners of 18 the property. The 72-Hour Notice to Abate shall inform the owner and/or tenants of the basis for the violation, and that an 19 20 Administrative Penalty of \$500 per day will accrue for each day 21 that the violation continues to exist; explain that if the 22 violation is not corrected, the matter will be set for a Nuisance Abatement Hearing, at which time the Administrative Penalty will 23 24 increase to \$1,000 per day; and explain that to prevent the accrual 25 of additional penalties and costs, the owner or tenant must contact

1 the Code Enforcement Office and arrange a time for a Code 2 Enforcement Officer to inspect the property, and confirm that the 3 violation(s) have been corrected.

(b) If the nuisance continues to exist after the expiration 4 5 of the seventy-two (72) hour period, a Code Enforcement Officer may set the matter for hearing by issuing a Notice of Nuisance 6 7 Abatement Hearing. If the matter is set for hearing, the Code Enforcement Officer shall post the property upon which the public 8 9 nuisance exists and shall mail, with a proof of service, notices 10 to those persons known to be in possession of the property, if 11 any, and to persons shown on the latest County tax roll to be the 12 owners of the property at least ten (10) days prior to the hearing. 13 The Administrative Penalty shall increase to \$1,000 per day from 14 the date the Notice of Nuisance Abatement Hearing is posted on the property, and shall continue to accrue at that rate for each day 15 that the violation continues to exist. Both the mailed and posted 16 17 notice shall be in substantially the following form:

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NOTICE OF NUISANCE ABATEMENT HEARING

The owner(s) and occupant(s) of real property described on the latest equalized Butte County tax roll as A.P. No._____ and having a street address of ______ is (are) hereby notified to appear before a Hearing Officer of the County of Butte at ______ on _____, 20_____,

at the hour of o'clock _____m., to show cause, if any there be, why the use of said real property should not be found to be a public nuisance and abated pursuant to the Butte County Code Chapter 34C. The Department of Development Services has determined that conditions exist on the above property which constitute a public nuisance and violate Butte County Code section(s) _____, as follows: _____. After hearing, if a violation is found to have existed at the time the Notice of Nuisance Abatement Hearing was posted on the property, Administrative Costs the incurred in prosecuting the violation, including, but not limited to, the cost of the Hearing Officer, the cost of prior time and expenses associated with bringing the matter to hearing, attorneys' fees, the cost associated with any appeals from the decision of the Hearing Officer, the cost of judicially abating the violation, the cost of labor and material necessary to physically abate the violation, securing expert the cost of and other witnesses, and the accrual of any

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Administrative Penalties, may become a lien against the subject property and may also be assessed against the property in the same manner as taxes. If a lien is recorded, it will have the same force and effect as an abstract of judgment which is recorded as a money judgment obtained in a court of law. If you fail to appear at the hearing or if you fail to raise any defense or assert any relevant point at the time of hearing, the County will assert, in later judicial proceedings to enforce an order of abatement, that you have waived all rights to assert such defenses or such points.

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In preparing for such hearing, you should be aware that if an initial showing is made by the County, sufficient to persuade the Hearing Officer that a public nuisance existed on your property at the time the Notice of Nuisance Abatement Hearing was posted, you will then have the burden of proving that no public nuisance existed on your property. Therefore, you should be prepared to introduce oral and documentary evidence proving why, in your opinion, your use of the property is not a

public nuisance as defined in this Chapter. A copy of the Butte County Code Chapter 34C relating to Marijuana Cultivation nuisance abatement hearings is enclosed to assist you in the preparation of your presentation.

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If an initial showing sufficient to persuade the Hearing Officer that a public nuisance existed on your property is made by the Code Enforcement Officer, your failure to sustain the burden of showing that no public nuisance existed on the property may result in a decision by the Hearing Officer that a public nuisance did exist, and that the County is entitled to recover its Administrative Costs, and all Administrative Penalties that accrued up to the time that the nuisance was abated. Further, if the Hearing Officer finds that a public nuisance continues to exist on your property, and you fail to abate the nuisance promptly, the County may abate the nuisance. If the County abates the nuisance, in addition to being able to recover its Administrative Costs and Penalties, you may be responsible for the actual costs of the abatement. Τn either circumstance, all Administrative and

Abatement Costs may be specially assessed aqainst your parcel by the Auditor-Controller's Office and added to your tax bill as а special assessment, and all Administrative Penalties may be recorded against your property as a judgment lien. Special assessments have the same priority, for collection purposes, as other county taxes and, if not paid, may result in a forced sale of your property. You are also hereby notified seek recovery that the County will of attorneys' fees incurred in any hearing and that attorneys' fees may be recovered by the prevailing party.

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Finally, if the Hearing Officer finds that a public nuisance exists on your property, in violation of the Butte County Code Chapter 34C, the County will contend that you are bound by such finding at any subsequent judicial action to enforce the Hearing Officer's order.

IMPORTANT: READ THIS NOTICE CAREFULLY.

IN ADDITION TO ANY ADMINISTRATIVE CIVIL PENALTIES THAT HAVE ALREADY ACCRUED, AN

ADMINISTRATIVE CIVIL PENALTY OF \$1,000 PER DAY IS HEREBY IMPOSED FROM THE DATE THIS NOTICE WAS POSTED ON YOUR PROPERTY, AND WILL CONTINUE TO ACCRUE AT THAT RATE UNTIL THE NUISANCE IS ABATED. IN ORDER TO PREVENT THE ACCRUAL OF ONGOING PENALTIES AND COSTS, YOU MUST CONTACT THE CODE ENFORCEMENT OFFICE, AND ARRANGE A TIME FOR A CODE ENFORCEMENT OFFICER TO INSPECT YOUR PROPERTY, AND CONFIRM THAT THE VIOLATION(S) HAVE BEEN CORRECTED.

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FAILURE TO APPEAR AND RESPOND AT THE TIME SET FORTH IN THIS NOTICE WILL LIKELY RESULT IN ADMINISTRATIVE AND/OR JUDICIAL ABATEMENT AND TERMINATION OF USES OF OR CONDITIONS ON YOUR PROPERTY WHICH THE DIRECTOR OF DEVELOPMENT SERVICES CONTENDS ARE IN VIOLATION OF THE BUTTE COUNTY CODE.

²⁵ forth in that document entitled the "Butte County Administrative

Hearing Officer Program." The Program is based upon an alphabetical
 rotation through attorneys currently under contract through the
 Program.

4 (d) At the time and place set for the hearing, the Hearing 5 Officer shall testimony and receive written hear and/or 6 documentary evidence relating to the alleged violation. Additional 7 procedural rules may be adopted by resolution of the Board of 8 Supervisors. The Director of Development Services, or his or her 9 designee, shall tape record the hearing, and provide a copy of the 10 recording to the Hearing Officer following the conclusion of the 11 hearing. The Hearing Officer shall preserve the record of the 12 hearing, and all photographs and demonstrative and documentary 13 evidence introduced at the time of the hearing, for a period of 14 three (3) years.

15 (e) Within five (5) days after the hearing is closed, the 16 Hearing Officer shall render his or her written decision relating 17 to the existence or nonexistence of the alleged public nuisance. 18 If a violation is found to have existed at the time the Notice of 19 Nuisance Abatement Hearing was posted, the decision shall include 20 entitled to statement that the County is recover its а 21 Administrative Costs and Administrative Penalties. If the Hearing 22 Officer determines that the violation continues to exist, the 23 decision shall also order that the owner of the property, or 24 persons known to be in possession of the property, abate the 25 violation within a reasonable time, not to exceed ten (10) days

from the date the decision is placed in the mail. The decision 1 2 shall contain findings of fact and conclusions of law. A copy of the decision shall be mailed by certified mail, return receipt 3 requested, to the person or persons shown on the last County tax 4 5 roll to be the owners of the property which is the subject of the hearing and the occupant of such parcel, if any. All other persons 6 7 noticed pursuant to this section shall be mailed a copy of the 8 decision by first class mail, postage prepaid.

9 (f) The decision of the Hearing Officer shall be final and 10 conclusive on the date the certified mail set forth in subsection 11 (e) above, is deposited in the mail.

12 (g)(1) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Code, if 13 a final decision of the Hearing Officer finds that a violation 14 exists and the public nuisance is not voluntarily abated within 15 ten (10) days of said decision being placed in the mail by the 16 Hearing Officer, the Director of Development Services or his or 17 her designee may abate the public nuisance by cutting and/or 18 removing all marijuana plants from the property, pursuant to a 19 warrant issued by a court of competent jurisdiction. The owner of 20 the property shall be responsible for paying all of the County's 21 Abatement Costs and Administrative Costs, including but not 22 limited to, those cost items set forth in the notice required by 23 subsection (a) above, and Administrative Penalties. The Director 24 of Development Services or his or her designee shall keep an 25 accounting of the Abatement and Administrative Costs for each case.

1 Upon completion of the abatement of the nuisance, whether by the 2 Director of Development Services or his or her designee, or the owner or tenant, the Director of Development Services or his or 3 4 her designee shall post the property and send a bill to the owner, 5 and any persons known to be in possession of the property, requesting payment of the County's Abatement and Administrative 6 Costs, as well as all Administrative Penalties. The bill shall 7 8 also state that failure to pay the Costs and Penalties within 9 fifteen (15) days from service of the bill may result in the 10 recording of a lien and the placement of a special assessment against the property. 11

12 (2) If the County's Costs and Penalties are not paid within 13 fifteen (15) days from service of the bill, the Director of 14 Development Services shall render an itemized report to the Clerk 15 of the Board of Supervisors for submittal to the Board of 16 Supervisors for hearing and consideration regarding the proposed 17 lien and special assessment. The report shall include the names 18 and addresses of the owner of record and any persons known to be 19 in possession of the property, and an itemized account of the 20 County's Abatement Costs, Administrative Costs, and Administrative 21 Penalties. At least fifteen (15) days prior to said hearing, the 22 Clerk of the Board of Supervisors shall give notice, with an 23 affidavit of service, of said hearing to all persons named in the 24 Director of Development Services' report and the Director of 25 Development Services or his or her designee shall post the property 1 with a copy of the notice. The notice shall describe the property 2 by assessor's parcel number and street number or other description sufficient to enable identification of the property and contain a 3 statement of the amount of the proposed lien and special 4 5 assessment. The notice shall also contain a statement that the Board will hear and consider objections and protests to the 6 7 proposed lien and special assessment at the designated time and place. 8

9 (h) At the time and place fixed in the notice, the Board of 10 Supervisors shall hear and consider the proposed lien and special assessment together with objections and protests thereto. At the 11 12 conclusion of the hearing, the Board of Supervisors may make such 13 modifications and revisions to the proposed lien and special assessment as it deems just and may order that the proposed lien 14 and special assessment be recorded by the Director of Development 15 Services and specially assessed against the property by the 16 Auditor-Controller's Office. The lien shall have the same force, 17 18 priority and effect as a judgment lien and the special assessment 19 shall have the same priority as other County taxes.

(i) The notice of lien shall, at a minimum, identify the record owner or possessor of the property, set forth the date upon which the decision of the Hearing Officer was issued, describe the real property subject to the lien, set forth the amount of the Costs and Penalties incurred to date and, if applicable, the date upon which the abatement was completed. If the abatement has not

1 yet been completed, the notice shall so state and shall also 2 indicate that the lien is a partial lien and that additional 3 Abatement Costs will be incurred in the future.

4 It is the intent of the Board of Supervisors that Abatement 5 Costs, Administrative Costs, and Administrative Penalties incurred 6 after the filing of the notice of abatement lien relate back to 7 the date upon which the lien was recorded for purposes of priority; 8 however, in order to preserve its rights, after all Abatement 9 Costs, Administrative Costs, and Administrative Penalties have 10 been incurred and the abatement is complete, the Department of 11 Development Services shall cause a supplemental notice of 12 abatement lien to be recorded. The supplemental notice shall 13 contain all of the information required for the original notice 14 and shall also refer to the recordation date and the recorder's 15 document number of the original notice.

16 (j) The decision of the Hearing Officer or Board of 17 Supervisors may be recorded by the Director of Development 18 Services. In the event of such recordation, and in the further 19 event that the violation is corrected and all Costs and Penalties 20 are paid, a notice of such correction shall be recorded. The 21 Director of Development Services is authorized to prepare and 22 record a notice of correction. Correction of the violation shall 23 not excuse the property owner's liability for costs incurred during 24 the administrative abatement process (Abatement Costs, 25 Administrative Costs, and Administrative Penalties as defined in sections 34C-14 and 34C-16 of this Chapter). In any action to foreclose on a lien issued pursuant to this Chapter, the County shall be entitled to an award of attorney's fees.

34C-14 Abatement costs; Administrative costs.

4

5 (a) The term "Abatement Costs" means any costs or expenses 6 reasonably related to the abatement of conditions which violate 7 the Butte County Code, and shall include, but not be limited to, 8 enforcement, investigation, attorneys' fees, collection and 9 administrative costs, and the costs associated with the removal or 10 correction of the violation.

(b) The term "Administrative Costs," shall include the cost 11 12 of County staff time reasonably related to enforcement, for items 13 including, but not limited to, site inspections, travel time, investigations, telephone contacts and time spent preparing 14 summaries, reports, notices, correspondence, warrants and hearing 15 packets. The time expended by Development Services and Auditor-16 17 Controller staff, to calculate the above costs and prepare itemized invoices, may also be recovered. 18

(c) In any action, administrative proceeding, or special proceeding to abate a nuisance, attorneys' fees may be recovered by the prevailing party. In no action, administrative proceeding, or special proceeding shall an award of attorneys' fees to a prevailing party exceed the amount of reasonable attorneys' fees incurred by the County in the action or proceeding.

25 34C-15 Non-exclusive remedy.

1 This Chapter is cumulative to all other remedies now or hereafter 2 available to abate or otherwise regulate or prevent public 3 nuisances.

4 34C-16 Administrative Civil Penalties.

5 In addition to any other remedies provided by County Code or State 6 Law, there is hereby imposed the following civil penalty for each 7 violation of this Chapter:

(a) Five hundred dollars (\$500.00) per day from the day the 8 9 72-Hour Notice is posted on the property, and continuing for each 10 day that the violation continues to exist; however, if a Notice of Nuisance Abatement Hearing is issued, the penalty shall increase 11 12 to one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) per day from the date the 13 Notice of Nuisance Abatement Hearing is posted on the property, 14 and shall continue to accrue at that rate for each day that the violation continues to exist, until the violation is abated by 15 whatever means. 16

17 (b) At the Nuisance Abatement Hearing, the Hearing Officer 18 shall determine the total amount of Administrative Penalties that 19 have accrued at the time of the hearing, and that amount shall be 20 reflected in the decision and awarded to the County. If at the 21 time of the hearing the nuisance has yet to be abated, the decision 22 shall state that Administrative Penalties shall continue to accrue 23 at \$1,000 per day until the nuisance is abated. The decision of 24 the Hearing Officer shall be final and conclusive on the date the 25 decision is deposited in the mail.

1 (C) Administrative Penalties shall not be awarded if the 2 property owner establishes all of the following: (i) that, at the time he or she acquired the property, a violation of this code 3 already existed on the property; (ii) the property owner did not 4 5 have actual or constructive notice of the existence of that violation; and (iii) within thirty (30) days after the mailing of 6 7 notice of the existence of that violation, the property owner initiates and pursues, with due diligence, good faith efforts, to 8 9 meet the requirements of this code.

10 (d) In the event a tenant or property owner contacts a Code Enforcement Officer and demonstrates that all violations have been 11 12 corrected in a timely manner prior to a hearing being conducted 13 pursuant to this Chapter, the Director of Development Services, or his or her designee, has the authority to waive or reduce the 14 amount of penalties owed, and cancel the scheduled hearing, if in 15 his or her opinion such a reduction and hearing cancellation is 16 17 warranted.

18 (e) Following the issuance of a Hearing Officer's decision, 19 the Director of Development Services, or his or her designee, may 20 compromise the amount of any administrative penalty imposed by the 21 Hearing Officer. When determining whether to compromise any penalty amount, the Director, or his or her designee, shall take 22 into consideration the nature, circumstances, and gravity of the 23 violation(s), any prior history of violations, the degree of 24 25 culpability, the financial burden to the person(s) upon whom the

1 penalty has been imposed, the degree to which the proposed compromise will facilitate collection of the penalties without the 2 need for further legal action, and any other matters justice may 3 The compromise shall be subject to any terms and 4 require. 5 conditions prescribed by the Director, or his or her designee, which may include, without limitation, a condition requiring that 6 7 the subject legal property and all responsible parties remain free of any additional violations for a specified period of time. 8 Any 9 person accepting a compromise penalty hereunder shall be required 10 to execute a Compromise Agreement in a form approved by County 11 Counsel.

12 34C-17 Summary Abatement.

13 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Chapter, when any 14 unlawful marijuana cultivation constitutes an immediate threat to the public health or safety, and where the procedures set forth in 15 sections 34C-11 through 34C-14 would not result in abatement of 16 17 that nuisance within a short enough time period to avoid that 18 threat, the enforcing officer may direct any officer or employee 19 of the County to summarily abate the nuisance. The enforcing 20 officer shall make reasonable efforts to notify the persons identified in Section 34C-13 but the formal notice and hearing 21 22 procedures set forth in this Chapter shall not apply. No summary 23 abatement shall occur prior to consultation with the Office of 24 County Counsel. The County may nevertheless recover its costs for 25 abating that nuisance in the manner set forth in this Chapter.

1 34C-18 No Duty to Enforce.

2 Nothing in this Chapter shall be construed as imposing on the enforcing officer or the County of Butte any duty to issue a Notice 3 to Abate Unlawful Marijuana Cultivation, nor to abate any unlawful 4 5 marijuana cultivation, nor to take any other action with regard to any unlawful marijuana cultivation, and neither the enforcing 6 7 officer nor the County shall be held liable for failure to issue an order to abate any unlawful marijuana cultivation, nor for 8 9 failure to abate any unlawful marijuana cultivation, nor for 10 failure to take any other action with regard to any unlawful marijuana cultivation. 11

12 34C-19 Use of Money Collected Under This Chapter.

13 All money collected for penalties for violations of this Chapter 14 and all money collected for recovery of costs of enforcement of 15 this Chapter shall be made available to the Departments, who are 16 involved in the enforcement of this Chapter.

17 Section 2. (CEQA). The County finds that this Chapter is not 18 the California Environmental Quality Act subject to (CEOA) 19 pursuant to Sections 15060(c)(2) (the activity will result in a 20 direct or reasonably foreseeable indirect physical change in the 21 environment) and 15061(b)(3) (there is no possibility the activity 22 in question may have a significant effect on the environment). In 23 addition to the foregoing general exemptions, the following categorical exemptions apply: Sections 15308 (actions taken as 24 25 authorized by local ordinance to assure protection of the

1 environment) and 15321 (action by agency for enforcement of a law, 2 general rule, standard or objective administered or adopted by the 3 agency, including by direct referral to the County Counsel as 4 appropriate for judicial enforcement).

5 Section 3. Severability. If any provision of this Chapter or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, 6 7 the remainder of this Chapter, including the application of such party or provision to other circumstances shall not be affected 8 9 thereby and shall continue in full force and effect. To this end, 10 provisions of this Chapter are severable. The Board of Supervisors 11 hereby declares that it would have passed each section, 12 subsections, subdivisions, paragraphs, sentences, clauses or 13 phrases be held unconstitutional, invalid or unenforceable.

14 <u>Section 4</u>. Effective Date and Publication. The Clerk of the Board 15 will publish the Ordinance codified in this Chapter as required by 16 law. The Ordinance codified in this Chapter shall take effect 17 thirty (30) days after final passage.

18 PASSED AND ADOPTED by the Board of Supervisors of the County of 19 Butte, State of California, on the ____ day of _____ 2017, 20 by the following vote:

21

22 AYES:

23 NOES:

24 ABSENT:

25 NOT VOTING:

1 2	Bill Connelly, Chair of the Butte County Board of Supervisors
3	
4	ATTEST:
5	Paul Hahn,
6	Chief Administrative Officer and Clerk of the Board
7	
8	Ву:
9	Deputy
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1 engage in unlawful or unpermitted surface drawing of water for 2 such cultivation; and (3) not permit illegal discharges of water 3 from the premises.

4 (b) The premises where the cultivation of marijuana takes
5 place shall either be hooked up to a municipalities' sewer system,
6 or have a Butte County inspected and permitted sewage disposal
7 system.

8 (c) Persons engaging in the cultivation of marijuana shall
9 use, dispose and store chemicals in accordance with all applicable
10 laws.

11 34C-8. Setbacks; Other Restrictions.

(a) Each accessory structure or outdoor garden area that constitutes the single cultivation area where marijuana is cultivated shall be set back from the boundaries of the premises as follows:

16 (1) If the premises is less than five (5) acres, and the 17 marijuana cultivation takes place inside an accessory structure, 18 the accessory structure shall be set back at least fifteen (15) 19 feet from all boundaries of the premises, and at least seventy-20 five (75) feet from any occupied residential structure located on 21 a separate legal parcel, unless the Director of the Department of 22 Development Services or his or her designee reduces or waives one 23 or both of these requirements based upon a finding of unusual 24 hardship for that particular parcel to comply with such setback 25 requirements. Owners of parcels adjacent to such premises shall

1 be notified in writing of any exercise of such discretion under 2 this section.

3 (2)If the premises is equal to or greater than five (5) acres but less than ten (10) acres in size, the accessory structure 4 5 or outdoor garden area constituting the single cultivation area 6 shall be set back at least seventy-five (75) feet from all 7 boundaries of the premises, and at least one hundred and fifty 8 (150) feet from any occupied residential structure located on a 9 separate legal parcel, unless the Director of the Department of 10 Development Services or his or her designee reduces or waives one 11 or both of these requirements based upon a finding of unusual 12 hardship for that particular parcel to comply with such setback 13 requirements. Owners of parcels adjacent to such premises shall 14 be notified in writing of any exercise of such discretion under 15 this section.

If the premises is greater than ten (10) acres in size, 16 (3)17 the accessory structure or outdoor garden area constituting the 18 single cultivation area shall be set back at least one hundred and 19 fifty (150) feet from all boundaries of the premises, and at least 20 one hundred and fifty (150) feet from any occupied residential 21 structure located on a separate legal parcel, unless the Director 22 of the Department of Development Services or his or her designee 23 reduces or waives one or both of these requirements based upon a 24 finding of unusual hardship for that particular parcel to comply with such setback requirements. Owners of parcels adjacent to 25

such premises shall be notified in writing of any exercise of such discretion under this section.

 $(\underline{43})$ For cultivation taking place in an accessory structure, such setback distance shall be measured in a straight line from the accessory structure to the boundary line of the premises. For cultivation taking place in an outdoor garden area, the cultivation area shall be measured from the outer edge of the canopy of the marijuana plants, and not from the stalk, to the boundary line of the premises.

(b) Notwithstanding the requirements of subsection 34C-4(a) above, the cultivation of marijuana, in any amount or quantity, shall not be allowed in the following areas:

(1) Within one thousand (1,000) feet of a youth-oriented facility, a school, a park, or any church or residential treatment facility as defined herein.

(2) Within six hundred (600) feet from a school bus stop.

(3) In any location where the marijuana plants are visible from the public right of way or publicly traveled privately maintained roads.

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(4) In any location in the following zones:

(GC (A) Commercial Zones (General Commercial), 21 NC (Community Commercial), 22 (Neighborhood Commercial), CC REC 23 (Recreation Commercial), SE (Sports and Entertainment), MU (Mixed Use)); 24

25

Setback Requirements

Property Size	Medical Marijuana (34A)	Non-Medical Marijuana (34C)
.5 acres or less	<u>Grow Area</u> : Limited to 50 sq. ft., inside a detached structure (34A-4(b)(1)).	<u>Grow Area:</u> Limited to 6 plants, indoors only (34C- 4(a)(2)).
	Setback Requirement: Exterior walls of detached structure must be set back at least 15 ft. from all boundaries of the premises, unless reduced or waived (34A-8(a)(1)).	Setback Requirements: If inside an accessory structure (as opposed to inside a private residence), exterior walls of the accessory structure must be set back at least 15 ft. from all boundaries of the premises, and 75 ft. from any occupied residential structure located on a neighboring parcel, unless reduced or waived (34C-8(a)(1)).
Greater than .5 acre but less than 5 acres	<u>Grow Area:</u> Limited to 50 sq. ft., either indoors or outdoors (34A-4(b)(2)).	<u>Grow Area:</u> Limited to 6 plants, indoors only (34C- 4(a)(2)).
	Setback Requirements: Exterior wall of detached structure (indoor grow) or fence (outdoor grow) must be set back: 1) 50 ft. from all boundaries of the premises, unless reduced or waived (34A- 8(a)(2)); and 2) 50 ft. from any occupied residential structure located on a neighboring parcel; no option to reduce or waive (34A-8(b)(3)).	Setback Requirements: If inside an accessory structure, exterior walls of the accessory structure must be set back at least 15 ft. from all boundaries of the premises, and 75 ft. from any occupied residential structure located on a neighboring parcel, unless reduced or waived (34C-8(a)(1)).

5 acres or greater but less than 10 acres	<u>Grow Area:</u> Limited to 100 sq. ft., either indoors or outdoors (34A-4(b)(3)).	<u>Grow Area:</u> 6 plants, indoors or outdoors, in one contiguous area (34C-4(a)(3)).
	Setback Requirements: Exterior wall of detached structure (indoor grow) or fence (outdoor grow) must be set back: 1) 75 ft. from all boundaries of the premises, unless reduced or waived (34A- 8(a)(3)); and 2) 100 ft. from any occupied residential structure located on a neighboring parcel; no option to reduce or waive (34A-8(b)(3)).	Setback Requirements: If outdoors or inside an accessory structure, the exterior wall of the accessory structure (indoor grow) or outer edge of plant canopy (outdoor grow) must be set back 75 ft. from all boundaries of the premises, and 150 ft. from any occupied residential structure, unless reduced or waived (34C- 8(a)(2)).
10 acres or greater	<u>Grow Area:</u> Limited to 150 sq. ft., either indoors or outdoors (34A-4(b)(4)).	<u>Grow Area:</u> 6 plants, indoors or outdoors, in one contiguous area (34C-4(a)(3)).
	Setback Requirements: Exterior wall of detached structure (indoor grow) or fence (outdoor grow) must be set back: 1) 150 ft. from all boundaries of the premises, unless reduced or waived (34A- 8(a)(4)); and 2) 100 ft. from any occupied residential structure located on a neighboring parcel; no option to reduce or waive (34A-8(b)(3)).	Setback Requirements: If outdoors or inside an accessory structure, the exterior wall of the accessory structure (indoor grow) or outer edge of plant canopy (outdoor grow) must be set back 150 ft. from all boundaries of the premises, and 150 ft. from any occupied residential structure, unless reduced or waived (34C- 8(a)(3)).