

Policy

452**San Joaquin County Sheriff's Office**
Policy Manual

Medical Marijuana

452.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this policy is to provide members of this department with guidelines for handling and distinguishing between claims of medical marijuana use under California's Compassionate Use Act (Health & Safety Code § 11362.5) and criminal narcotics violations.

452.2 ENFORCEMENT

Although federal law does not currently permit possession of marijuana for medical use, California has created a limited defense (i.e. no penalty) for certain qualified individuals possessing small quantities of marijuana for medical use under strict conditions.

(a) Notwithstanding California Medical Marijuana laws:

1. California does not provide any exception for individuals driving under the influence of marijuana. All such cases should be handled with appropriate enforcement action (e.g., Vehicle Code § 23152, et seq.).
2. Medical marijuana may not be smoked outside of a residence within 1000 feet of a school, recreation center, youth center or in a vehicle or boat (Health & Safety Code § 11362.79).
3. No probationer or parolee may possess medical marijuana unless such possession is authorized in writing by court order or parole conditions (Health & Safety Code § 11362.795).

(b) Possession, cultivation and sales of marijuana in quantities beyond that which might reasonably be construed as for personal use should be handled as criminal cases with appropriate enforcement action taken pursuant to Health & Safety Code §§ 11357, 11358 and 11359.

1. The amount of marijuana possessed must be consistent with the medical needs of the qualified patient or person with valid ID card.
2. The quantity and form of marijuana must also be reasonably related to the patient's current medical needs.
 - (a) Absent a verifiable doctor's recommendation to exceed allotted quantities, a qualified patient or primary caregiver may possess no more than eight ounces of dried marijuana per qualified patient, or;
 - (b) Maintain no more than six mature, or twelve immature marijuana plants per qualified patient (Health & Safety Code § 11362.77(a)(b)).

(c) In any case involving the possession or cultivation of marijuana, the handling deputy should inquire whether the individual is claiming that the marijuana is for medicinal purposes.

1. If no such claim is made, the deputy should proceed with normal enforcement action.
2. If a claim of medicinal use is made, the deputy should proceed as outlined below.

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452.3 MEDICINAL USE CLAIMS

In order to qualify for a medicinal marijuana defense, any individual making such a claim must affirmatively establish the following information. If the individual cannot or will not provide all of the required information, the deputy should note such fact in any related report and proceed with appropriate enforcement action.

452.3.1 PATIENTS

- (a) An individual may establish his/her status as a qualified patient by presenting a current and valid state issued identification card issued by the Department of Health (Health & Safety Code § 11362.735). Such identification cards shall contain the following information:

1. A unique serial number.
2. An expiration date.
3. The name and telephone number of the county health department approving the application.
4. A 24-hour toll-free number for law enforcement to verify the validity of the card (Verification can be checked at www.calmmp.ca.gov).
5. A photograph of the cardholder.

No deputy shall refuse to accept a properly issued identification card unless the deputy has reasonable cause to believe that the information contained in the card is false or that the card is being used fraudulently (Health & Safety Code § 11362.78).

- (b) If the individual does not possess a valid state issued identification card, the individual claiming status as a qualified patient must minimally provide the following information:

1. Satisfactory identification establishing current residency in California.
2. A current and valid medical marijuana ID card from a local governmental agency (e.g., county) or a current and verifiable, written recommendation for marijuana from a California licensed physician.
3. In the absence of a valid identification card, the handling deputy should also obtain a written waiver from the involved individual authorizing the release of all related medical records.

452.3.2 PRIMARY CAREGIVERS

Primary caregivers are subject to the following requirements (Health & Safety Code 11362.765):

- (a) A primary caregiver is not authorized to use, sell, or possess marijuana for sale.
- (b) A primary caregiver must provide sufficient proof that he/she is responsible for the patient's housing, health and/or safety.
- (c) A primary caregiver must provide sufficient proof of personal knowledge of the patient's medical needs and the details of the attending physician's recommendation.
- (d) Upon proof that a qualified primary caregiver is caring for more than one qualified patient, he/she may aggregate possession and cultivation limits. For example, a primary caregiver caring for three qualified patients may possess 24 ounces (eight ounces per patient) of marijuana (Health & Safety Code § 11362.7(d)(2)).
- (e) While qualified patients and primary caregivers may be permitted to collectively or cooperatively associate to cultivate medical marijuana, such individuals must strictly

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